

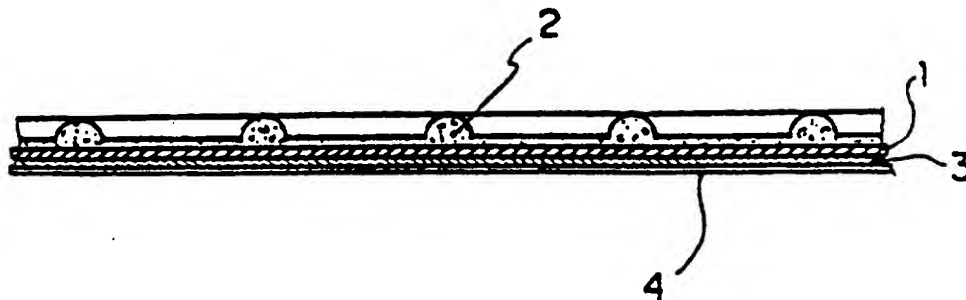


INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : D06N 7/00, C09J 7/02, B32B 5/20	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 96/12844 (43) International Publication Date: 2 May 1996 (02.05.96)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/BR95/00046 (22) International Filing Date: 19 October 1995 (19.10.95) (30) Priority Data: PI 9404171 20 October 1994 (20.10.94) BR (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): INDÚSTRIA E COMÉRCIO TÊXTIL AVANTI LTDA. [BR/BR]; Rua Agai, 1861 - Parte - Jardim Palmares, Santa Cruz, 23065-620-Rio de Janeiro, RJ (BR). (72) Inventor; and (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): LETTIÈRE NETO, Rafael [BR/BR]; Rua Mário Soares Pereira, 23, Barra da Tijuca, 20000-Rio de Janeiro, RJ (BR). (74) Agent: DANNEMANN, SIEMSEN, BIGLER & IPANEMA MOREIRA; Rua Marquês de Olinda, 70, Botafogo, Caixa Postal 2142, 22251-040-Rio de Janeiro, RJ (BR).		(81) Designated States: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG), ARIPO patent (KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG). Published <i>With international search report.</i> <i>Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i>

(54) Title: SELF-ADHESIVE SHEET WITH NON-SLIP PROPERTIES**(57) Abstract**

A self-adhesive sheet is described for multiple uses and especially as a carpet liner or an acoustic coating. The sheet comprises a base sheet (1) in the form of a polypropylene web, a thin coating (2) of natural or synthetic non-slip material, such as latex foam, adhered to one side of the base sheet, a coating (3) of adhesive applied to the second side of the base sheet and a protector sheet (4) covering the adhesive coating, which may be peeled off to make the sheet self-adhesive. Preferably, the foam coating is provided with a pattern in relief to ensure a relatively bodied structure in relation to the weight of latex used as well as an agreeable appearance. The self-adhesive sheet is light, flexible and easily handled and it may be cut to the desired size and shape using scissors or the like.



FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AT	Austria	GB	United Kingdom	MR	Mauritania
AU	Australia	GE	Georgia	MW	Malawi
BB	Barbados	GN	Guinea	NE	Niger
BE	Belgium	GR	Greece	NL	Netherlands
BF	Burkina Faso	HU	Hungary	NO	Norway
BG	Bulgaria	IE	Ireland	NZ	New Zealand
BJ	Benin	IT	Italy	PL	Poland
BR	Brazil	JP	Japan	PT	Portugal
BY	Belarus	KE	Kenya	RO	Romania
CA	Canada	KG	Kyrgyzstan	RU	Russian Federation
CF	Central African Republic	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	SD	Sudan
CG	Congo	KR	Republic of Korea	SE	Sweden
CH	Switzerland	KZ	Kazakhstan	SI	Slovenia
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	LI	Liechtenstein	SK	Slovakia
CM	Cameroon	LK	Sri Lanka	SN	Senegal
CN	China	LU	Luxembourg	TD	Chad
CS	Czechoslovakia	LV	Latvia	TG	Togo
CZ	Czech Republic	MC	Monaco	TJ	Tajikistan
DE	Germany	MD	Republic of Moldova	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
DK	Denmark	MG	Madagascar	UA	Ukraine
ES	Spain	ML	Mali	US	United States of America
FI	Finland	MN	Mongolia	UZ	Uzbekistan
FR	France			VN	Viet Nam
GA	Gabon				

SELF-ADHESIVE SHEET WITH NON-SLIP PROPERTIES

The present invention refers generally to a self-
5 adhesive sheet and more particularly to such a sheet having
anti-slip and acoustic properties, which is suitable, for
example, for using as a non-slip underlay or liner for
carpets, rugs, mats and the like.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 It is known to apply a layer of open cell
thermoplastic foam to the underside of carpets to provide
them with non-slip properties. A specific example is the
liner disclosed in DE 1560752) (D-S Chemie & Co.). Anti-
slip liners are also known which are in the form of open
15 screens and may be stitched to the underside of carpets, as
also is a composite liner having outer layers sandwiching a
layer of Kraft paper (JP 5237974 in the name of Kanzaki
Manufacturing Co. Ltd.). A liner of natural or synthetic
latex foam applied directly to the underside of carpets is
20 also known from DE 20 624 (Centrans GmbH).

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention seeks another more universal
solution for providing carpets and the like with non-slip

properties, by means of a multi-use self-adhesive sheet that comprises a base sheet having first and second sides, a coating of natural or synthetic material having non-slip characteristics adhered to the first side of the base sheet, a self-adhesive coating applied to the second side of the base sheet and a protector sheet covering the adhesive coating and peelable therefrom to make the sheet self-adhesive.

The base sheet may be made of any suitable material but preference is given to a woven polypropylene screen due to its low cost, its bi-directional resistance to stretching and its reduced weight. Other materials include nylon cloth, gabardine or polyester, poplin, Ketsturn or Raschel cloth and, in general, strong light weaves of suitable widths, such as 2.40 to 5.00 m.

The thickness of the sheet may vary, it generally being between 0.15 and 0.35 mm. More particularly, thicknesses would be: white screen - preferably 0.20 mm, but in general between 0.15 and 0.25 mm; cotton - 0.25 to 0.30 mm; and other materials - in the larger range mentioned above, depending on the properties of the material and the characteristics desired for the product.

Although the base sheet may be a continuous sheet, it may adequately be in the form of an open grid or net which reduces cost without any substantial loss in efficiency of

the final product. The materials may be the same as those mentioned above.

Although the coating of non-slip material may be in any suitable form, foams and particularly closed cell foams are preferred. Natural or synthetic latex is suitable. The coating may be provided (for example, by means of engraving rolls) with a relief, preferably grid-like, pattern which results in both a relatively bodied structure in relation to the quantity of latex employed and an agreeable appearance. The thickness of the foam coating may be small, for example, between 1.0 and 2.5 mm.

When the base sheet is itself an open grid-like net of polypropylene or the like, the foam coating will adhere to the first side of the individual grid elements and, since there are spaces therebetween, the foam will automatically assume an open grid configuration itself which corresponds to the grid of the base sheet.

The protector sheet would normally be paper having suitable strength and thickness, the latter being typically between 0.15 and 0.25 mm. The weight of the paper is suitably between 40 and 60 g/m².

The adhesive may have a thickness in the range of approximately 0.05 to 0.08 mm and a weight of 40 to 60 g/m². It preferably comprises an acrylic adhesive such as is available from 3M (Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Company) or BASF.

A self-adhesive sheet having the above mentioned preferred properties is light (in the general range of about 500 to 800 g/m² when the base sheet is a continuous sheet) and flexible and it may be marketed in sheets or rolls which are easily cut by scissors or the like so as to obtain the desired size or shape and, once the protector sheet has been peeled off, it may be adhered to any desired surface. For example, apart from being used as a liner for carpets, it could be used as an underlay for pots of plants, for protecting the under surface of small objects, as an acoustic covering for walls and for numerous other purposes.

In a presently preferred embodiment when the base sheet has an open grid-like structure (for example, polypropylene raffia) as mentioned above, the economy of material (foam and adhesive) is considerable compared with the continuous base sheet embodiment discussed above.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention will be better understood from the following detailed description, given by way of example and with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a roll of a sheet of self-adhesive material according to a first preferred embodiment of this invention;

Figure 2 is a section through the sheet shown in Figure 1, illustrating its composite structure; and

Figure 3 is a perspective view with a detail in section, of a second preferred embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Referring now to the drawings, a self-adhesive sheet according to a preferred embodiment of this invention comprises a base sheet 1 in the form of a thin woven web of polypropylene raffia having a thickness of about 0.2 mm. On one side of web 1 a coating 2 of approximately 1.3 mm of natural latex closed cell foam, based on 350 to 450 g/l of raw liquid foam, is applied. Latex coating 2 is formed, for example by passing between engraving rolls, with a quadriculated, ribbed or similar relief pattern which provides the product with a visible surface having non-slip and acoustic properties. Although a latex foam is presently preferred, other foams that provide the product with anti-slip properties may be used. Examples include polyurethane or PVC foams, this including recycled polyethylene or other suitable foamable materials. Closed cell foams have been found to be preferable since they have superior anti-slip properties when compared with open cell foams of the same material.

The other side of web 1 is coated with a coating 3 of acrylic type adhesive (manufactured by 3M, BASF or the like). In its turn, coating 3 is covered by a peelable protector sheet 4 of Kraft paper or the like, the surface in contact with the adhesive thereof being treated or

coated so that it can be easily freed or peeled off the product prior to use.

The above described sheet is easily handled, is flexible and light, about 600 g/m², and may be cut with
5 scissors or the like to obtain the desired size and shape. When the sheet is used as a liner or underlay for a carpet, it can either be cut into several strips to be adhered to the underside of the carpet or it can be cut as a single piece substantially the same size as the carpet.

10 Obviously, it is not essential that the latex foam layer be formed with a relief pattern and it may have a constant thickness. However, the application of a relief pattern results in an economy of latex without compromising the structure of the product and, moreover, it results in
15 an agreeable appearance, especially when the product is used with the foam visible as in the case of an acoustic coating.

As already mentioned, the material of the base web 1 is not necessarily made of woven polypropylene which is,
20 however, preferred due to its low cost and weight as well as to satisfactory bi-directional stretch resistance. Other suitable materials include, for example, natural or synthetic fibre materials, it being sufficient that they provide the product with suitable strength and permit
25 adherence to its respective sides of the foam and adhesive.

A second embodiment of the invention, illustrated in Figure 3, comprises an adhesive sheet similar to that shown in Figures 1 and 2 except for the fact that the base sheet 1' comprises a polypropylene raffia of open grid-like structure with the result that the foam coating 2' and the adhesive coating 3' both cover only their respective sides of the relatively flat grid elements 5 of the base sheet. The protector sheet 4', however, may be identical to protector sheet 4 of the first embodiment, i.e. a continuous sheet. This has proved not only to result in a product having an efficiency as a carpet underlay almost identical to that of the first embodiment, but also uses smaller amounts of materials for the base sheet and the foam and adhesive coatings which brings substantial economy.

In the case of the second embodiment the weight of the finished product may typically be from 220 to 290 g/m², 50 a 70 g/m² being the weight of the grid-like base sheet 1', 130 a 150 g/m² being the weight of the latex foam, 5 to 7 g/m² the weight of the acrylic adhesive and 40 to 60 g/m² being the weight of the peelable protector sheet 4'.

CLAIMS

1. A self-adhesive sheet, characterised by comprising:
 - a) a base sheet (1) having first and second sides;
 - b) a thin coating (2) of natural or synthetic material having non-slip properties, adhered to the first side of the base sheet;
 - c) a self-adhesive coating (3) applied to the second side of the base sheet (1); and
 - d) a protector sheet (4) covering the adhesive coating(3), peelable therefrom to make the coating sheet self-adhesive.
2. A self-adhesive sheet according to claim 1, characterised in that the non-slip material is a foam.
3. A self-adhesive sheet according to claim 2, characterised in that the foam is a closed cell foam.
4. A self-adhesive sheet according to claim 1, 2 or 3, characterised in that the non-slip coating is provided with a relief pattern.
5. A self-adhesive sheet according to claim 1, 2, 3 or 4, characterised in that the coating of non-slip material comprises latex foam.

6. A self-adhesive sheet according to claim 1, 2, 3 or 4, characterised in that the coating of non-slip material comprises a polyurethane foam.

7. A self-adhesive sheet according to claim 1, 2, 3 or 4, characterised in that the coating of non-slip material comprises a PVC foam.

8. A self-adhesive sheet according to any one of claims 1 to 7, characterised in that the coating (2) of non-slip material has a thickness of approximately 1.0 to 2.5 mm.

9. A self-adhesive sheet according to any one of claims 1 to 8, characterised in that the base sheet is a polypropylene web.

10. A self-adhesive sheet according to any one of claims 1 to 9, characterised in that the base sheet is has an open grid-like structure formed of grid elements and that said non-slip coating is adhered to said first side of the grid elements and said adhesive coating is adhered to said second side of said grid elements, both said coatings consequently also having an open grid-like structure corresponding to that of the base sheet.

11. A self-adhesive sheet according to any one of claims 1 to 9, characterised by having a weight of approximately 500 to 800 g/m².

12. A self-adhesive sheet according to claim 10, characterised by having a weight of from 220 to 290 g/m²

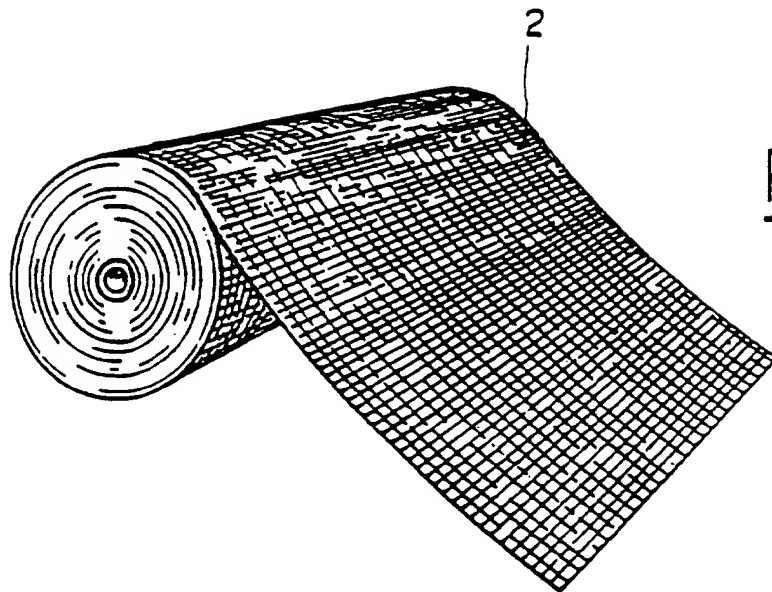


FIG. 1

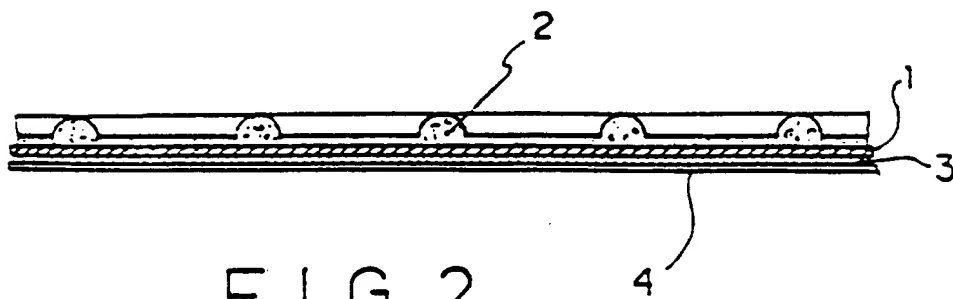
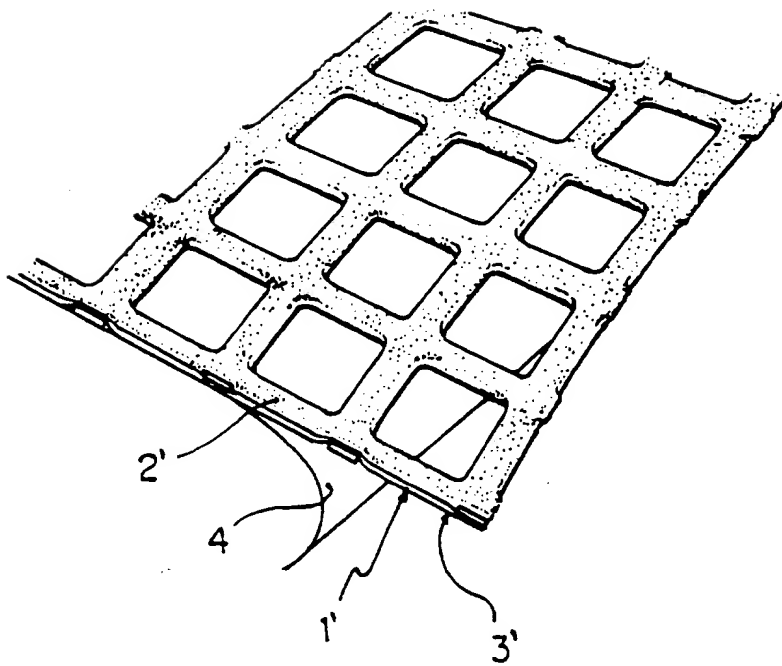


FIG. 2

FIG. 3



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internat. Application No
PCT/BR 95/00046A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 6 D06N7/00 C09J7/02 B32B5/20

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
IPC 6 D06N C09J B32B

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	DE,A,44 00 758 (KUENZEL GUDRUN ; KUENZEL DIETER (DE)) 4 August 1994 see figure 1 ---	1
X	GB,A,2 125 334 (GAISER CONRAD J) 7 March 1984 see page 3; claim 1 ---	1
A	GB,A,920 078 (IMPERIAL CHEMICAL IND LTD) 6 March 1963 see page 3, line 51 - line 55; claim 1 ---	1
A	US,A,4 578 300 (MERLET BRIGITTE I) 25 March 1986 see claim 1; figure 1 ---	1
	--- -/--	

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

X document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

Y document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

& document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

6 February 1996

Date of mailing of the international search report

19. 02. 96

Name and mailing address of the ISA
European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+ 31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
Fax (+ 31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Schueler, D

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internat. Application No.

PCT/BR 95/00046

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US,A,4 705 715 (COSTE, MAMISH) 10 November 1987 see column 7, line 48 - line 68; claim 1 -----	1

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

Intern: il Application No

PCT/BR 95/00046

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
DE-A-4400758	04-08-94	NONE	
GB-A-2125334	07-03-84	NONE	
GB-A-920078		US-A- 3262808	26-07-66
US-A-4578300	25-03-86	FR-A- 2547714	28-12-84
		BE-A- 899960	15-10-84
		DE-A- 3422874	03-01-85
		GB-A, B 2142842	30-01-85
US-A-4705715	10-11-87	AU-B- 609065	26-04-91
		AU-B- 8007387	05-05-88
		CA-A- 1271118	03-07-90
		DE-A- 3736102	05-05-88
		FR-A- 2605640	29-04-88
		GB-A, B 2196553	05-05-88
		JP-A- 63178190	22-07-88
		US-A- 4740416	26-04-88